1 Wellfounded part

Given a binary relation $<$ on a set S, the subset W of S called the **wellfounded part** of S w.r.t. $<$ is defined inductively as follows:

$$\frac{\forall y < x.\ y \in W}{x \in W}$$

The corresponding induction principle easily yields the principle of **wellfounded part induction**:

$$\frac{\forall x \in W.\ (\forall y < x.\ P(y)) \Rightarrow P(x)}{\forall x \in W.\ P(x)}$$

It also follows that $<$ is wellfounded iff $W = S$.

2 The proof

Let $<$ be a wellfounded relation on a set A, and let $\mathcal{M}(A)$ be the set of all finite multisets over A. We use set-notation for multisets. The letters a and b range over A; K, M and N range over $\mathcal{M}(A)$. We define the following abbreviations:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} M < a & \Leftrightarrow & \forall b \in M.\ b < a \\ N <_{mult} M & \Leftrightarrow & \exists M_0, a, K.\ M = M_0 \cup \{a\} \wedge N = M_0 \cup K \wedge K < a \\ W & = & \text{the wellfounded part of } \mathcal{M}(A) \text{ w.r.t. } <_{mult} \end{array}$$

Lemma 2.1 *If* $\forall b < a.\ \forall M \in W.\ M \cup \{b\} \in W$ *and* $M_0 \in W$ *and* $\forall M <_{mult} M_0.\ M \cup \{a\} \in W$ *then* $M_0 \cup \{a\} \in W$.

Proof by definition of W. Let $N <_{mult} M_0 \cup \{a\}$. We need to prove $N \in W$. There are two possibilities why $N <_{mult} M_0 \cup \{a\}$ holds:

- If $N = M \cup \{a\}$ for some $M <_{mult} M_0$ then $N \in W$ follows from the third assumption.
- If $N = M_0 \cup K$ for some $K < a$ then $N \in W$ follows from the first two assumptions by induction on the size of K.

□

Lemma 2.2 *If* $\forall b < a.\ \forall M \in W.\ M \cup \{b\} \in W$ *then* $\forall M \in W.\ M \cup \{a\} \in W$.

Proof From Lemma 2.1 by wellfounded part induction. □

Lemma 2.3 $\forall M \in W.\ M \cup \{a\} \in W$.

Proof From Lemma 2.2 by wellfounded induction on a. □

Theorem 2.4 $M \in W$.

Proof by induction on the size of M. The base case $\emptyset \in W$ holds because there is no $N <_{mult} \emptyset$. Lemma 2.3 covers the induction step. □

Thus we know that $<_{mult}$ is wellfounded on all of $\mathcal{M}(A)$.