

Exercises “Introduction to Type Theory” 1

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On simple type theory à la Church

1. (basic) Find a term of type $(\delta \rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \alpha) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \gamma) \rightarrow (\delta \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \gamma$
2. (basic) Find two terms of type $(\delta \rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \alpha) \rightarrow (\gamma \rightarrow \alpha) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \gamma \rightarrow \beta$
3. (medium) Add types to the λ -abstractions and give the derivation in minimal logic that corresponds to

$$\lambda x. \lambda y. y(\lambda z. y x) : (\gamma \rightarrow \epsilon) \rightarrow ((\gamma \rightarrow \epsilon) \rightarrow \epsilon) \rightarrow \epsilon$$

4. (medium) Find a term of type $((\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \alpha) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta$

On simple type theory à la Curry

1. (medium) Give a full derivation of

$$\vdash \lambda x. \lambda y. y(\lambda z. y x) : (\gamma \rightarrow \epsilon) \rightarrow ((\gamma \rightarrow \epsilon) \rightarrow \epsilon) \rightarrow \epsilon$$

in Curry style $\lambda \rightarrow$

2. (medium) Determine the most general unifiers of
 - (a) $(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \gamma$ and $\alpha \rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \gamma$
 - (b) $(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \gamma$ and $\gamma \rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow \beta$
3. (medium) Compute the principal type of $\mathbf{S} := \lambda x. \lambda y. \lambda z. x z(y z)$.
4. (medium) Which of the following terms is typable? If it is, determine the *principal type*; if it isn't, show that the typing algorithm fails.
 - (a) $\lambda z x. z(x(\lambda y. y x))$
 - (b) $\lambda z x. z(x(\lambda y. y z))$
5. (advanced) Compute the principal type of $M := \lambda x. \lambda y. x(y(\lambda z. x z z))(y(\lambda z. x z z))$.
6. (advanced) Verify the details of the weak normalization proof (see the slides)
7. (advanced) Verify the details of the strong normalization proof (see the slides)

On polymorphic type theory (medium)

Recall: $\perp := \forall\alpha.\alpha$, $\top := \forall\alpha.\alpha\rightarrow\alpha$.

1. (basic) Verify that in Church $\lambda 2$: $\lambda x:\top.x\top x : \top\rightarrow\top$.
2. (medium) Verify that in Curry $\lambda 2$: $\lambda x.xx : \top\rightarrow\top$
3. (medium) Find a type in Curry $\lambda 2$ for $\lambda x.x\ x\ x$
4. (medium) Find a type in Curry $\lambda 2$ for $\lambda x.(x\ x)(x\ x)$

Recall $\sigma\times\tau := \forall\alpha.(\sigma\rightarrow\tau\rightarrow\alpha)\rightarrow\alpha$, $\sigma+\tau := \forall\alpha.(\sigma\rightarrow\alpha)\rightarrow(\tau\rightarrow\alpha)\rightarrow\alpha$ $\text{Tree}_{A,B} := \forall\alpha.(B\rightarrow\alpha)\rightarrow(A\rightarrow\alpha\rightarrow\alpha\rightarrow\alpha)\rightarrow\alpha$

1. (medium) Define $\text{inl} : \sigma \rightarrow \sigma + \tau$
2. (medium) Define the first projection: $\pi_1 : \sigma \times \tau \rightarrow \sigma$
3. (advanced) Define $\text{join} : \text{Tree}_{A,B} \rightarrow \text{Tree}_{A,B} \rightarrow A \rightarrow \text{Tree}_{A,B}$