

# Solution to some exercises week 3

## Languages and Automata

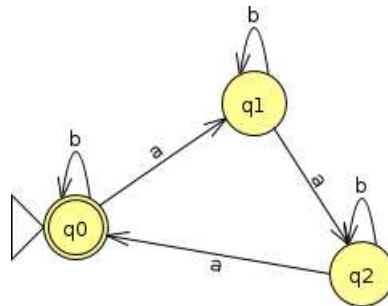
May 17, 2013

### 3. Regular languages, Finite Automata

Let  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ .

- 3.1. 1. Construct a DFA  $M_1$  such that

$$L(M) = L_1 = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \#_a(w) \text{ is divisible by } 3\}.$$

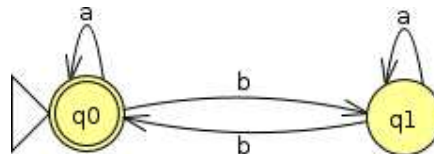


Answer, see figure.

After reading a word, any  $b$  doesn't change the state. Reading an 'a' increases modulo 3 the state by 1. Hence  $q_i$  indicates that the number of  $a$ 's mod 3 is  $i$ . Therefore  $q_0$  should be the beginning and final state.

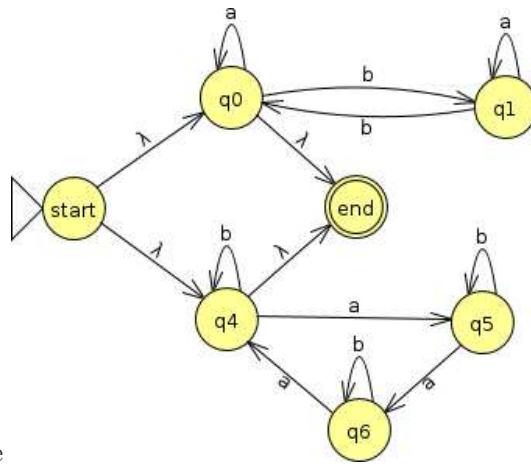
2. Construct an  $M_2$  such that

$$L(M) = L_2 = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \#_b(w) \text{ is divisible by } 2\}.$$



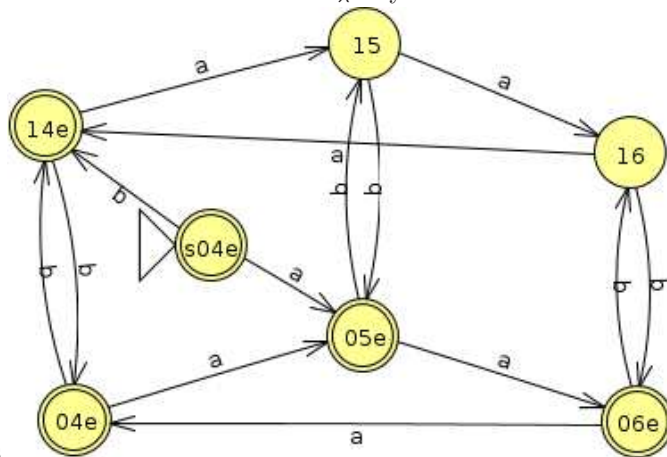
Answer, see figure.

3. Construct a NFA $_{\lambda}$   $M_3$  such that  $L(M_3) = L_1 \cup L_2$ . Answer, see



figure

- Construct a DFA  $M_4$  such that  $L(M_4) = L_1 \cup L_2$ . We now have to find a deterministic version of the last  $NFL_\lambda$ . By the method in the



lectures this is