

Semantics and Domain theory

Exercises 2

NB. We write $\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$ for the set of partial functions from State to State .

1. Do exercise 1.2.1. of Winskel at the end of Chapter 1.
2. Define the denotational semantics of **repeat** P **until** b as a fixed point of a function $g : (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}) \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State})$.
(NB this program executes statement P and then checks the boolean b ; if b holds, execution stops, if b doesn't hold, it iterates.)

3. [Exercise 4.2 of Nielsen & Nielsen] Consider the statement

$$S := \text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 1$$

- (a) Determine the functional F associated with this statement. (The F we need to take the fixed point of to determine the semantics of S .)
 - (b) Determine for each of the following partial function $g : \text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$ whether it is a fixed point of F .
 - i. $g_1(s) := \uparrow$ for all $s \in \text{State}$
 - ii. $g_2(s) := \begin{cases} s[x \mapsto 0] & \text{if } s(x) \geq 0 \\ \uparrow & \text{if } s(x) < 0 \end{cases}$
 - iii. $g_3(s) := \begin{cases} s[x \mapsto 0] & \text{if } s(x) \geq 0 \\ s & \text{if } s(x) < 0 \end{cases}$
 - iv. $g_4(s) := s[x \mapsto 0]$ for all $s \in \text{State}$
 - v. $g_5(s) := s$ for all $s \in \text{State}$
 - (c) Which of the above (if any) is the least fixed point of F ?
4. Consider the function $f : (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}) \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State})$ as defined by Winskel on slide 6, but now with $\text{State} = \mathbf{V} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$:

$$\begin{aligned} f(w)(s) &:= s && \text{if } s(x) \leq 0 \\ f(w)(s) &:= w(s[x \mapsto s(x) - 1, y \mapsto s(x) * s(y)]) && \text{if } s(x) > 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Do exercise 1.2.2. of Winskel at the end of Chapter 1.
 - (b) Prove $f(w_\infty) = w_\infty$ for $w_\infty : \text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$ as defined a la Winskel's notes. (First redefine w_∞ for our notion of State .)
 - (c) Prove that $\forall s \in \text{State} \exists n [f^n(\perp)(s) = f^{n+1}(\perp)(s)]$.
5. [Extra exercise to possibly think about] Define a denotational semantics for the statement **for** $x := e_1$ **to** e_2 **do** P :
 - (a) First with e_1, e_2 fixed numbers in \mathbb{Z} , say n and m .
 - (b) Discuss some of the choices and problems with giving the general semantics, where e_1 and e_2 are arbitrary expressions.
What semantics would you give to **for** $x := 1$ **to** $x + 1$ **do** **skip**? And to **for** $x := 1$ **to** 3 **do** $x := x - 1$?