

# Semantics and Domain theory

## Exercises 2

NB. We write  $\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$  for the set of partial functions from  $\text{State}$  to  $\text{State}$ .

1. Define the denotational semantics of **repeat**  $P$  **until**  $b$  as a fixed point of a function  $g : (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}) \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State})$ .  
(NB this program executes statement  $P$  and then checks the boolean  $b$ ; if  $b$  holds, execution stops, if  $b$  doesn't hold, it iterates.)

2. [Exercise 4.2 of Nielsen & Nielsen] Consider the statement

$$S := \text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 1$$

- (a) Determine the functional  $F : (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}) \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State})$  associated with this statement. (The  $F$  we need to take the fixed point of to determine the semantics of  $S$ .)
  - (b) Determine for each of the following partial functions  $g : \text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$  whether it is a fixed point of  $F$ .
    - $g_1(s) := \uparrow$  for all  $s \in \text{State}$
    - $g_2(s) := \begin{cases} s[x \mapsto 0] & \text{if } s(x) \geq 0 \\ \uparrow & \text{if } s(x) < 0 \end{cases}$
    - $g_3(s) := \begin{cases} s[x \mapsto 0] & \text{if } s(x) \geq 0 \\ s & \text{if } s(x) < 0 \end{cases}$
    - $g_4(s) := s[x \mapsto 0]$  for all  $s \in \text{State}$
    - $g_5(s) := s$  for all  $s \in \text{State}$
  - (c) Which of the above (if any) is the least fixed point of  $F$ ?
3. Consider the function  $f : (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}) \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State})$  as defined by Pitts on slide 12, but now with  $\text{State} = \mathbb{L} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ :

$$f(w)(s) := \begin{cases} s & \text{if } s(x) \leq 0 \\ w(s[x \mapsto s(x) - 1, y \mapsto s(x) * s(y)]) & \text{if } s(x) > 0 \end{cases}$$

- (a) Prove  $f(w_n) = w_{n+1}$  for  $w_n : \text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$  as defined in the lecture, for our notion of  $\text{State}$ .
- (b) Prove  $f(w_\infty) = w_\infty$  for  $w_\infty : \text{State} \rightarrow \text{State}$  as defined in the lecture, for our notion of  $\text{State}$ .
- (c) Show implication (3) on page 19, that is: for all  $w$ ,

$$w = f(w) \Rightarrow w_\infty \sqsubseteq w.$$

- (d) Prove that  $\forall s \in \text{State} \exists n [f^n(\perp)(s) = f^{n+1}(\perp)(s)]$ .
4. [Extra exercise to possibly think about] Define a denotational semantics for the statement **for**  $x := e_1$  **to**  $e_2$  **do**  $P$ :
    - (a) First with  $e_1, e_2$  fixed numbers in  $\mathbb{Z}$ , say  $n$  and  $m$ .
    - (b) Discuss some of the choices and problems with giving the general semantics, where  $e_1$  and  $e_2$  are arbitrary expressions.  
What semantics would you give to **for**  $x := 1$  **to**  $x + 1$  **do** **skip**? And to **for**  $x := 1$  **to**  $3$  **do**  $x := x - 1$ ?