

Interpretatie van formules

Laat M een model zijn en b een bedeling.

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket R(t_1, \dots, t_n) \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad I(R)(\llbracket t_1 \rrbracket_b^M, \dots, \llbracket t_n \rrbracket_b^M) \text{ is waar} \\ \llbracket \neg \varphi \rrbracket_b^M & = 1 - \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M \\ \llbracket \varphi \wedge \psi \rrbracket_b^M & = \min(\llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M, \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_b^M) \\ \llbracket \varphi \vee \psi \rrbracket_b^M & = \max(\llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M, \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_b^M) \\ \llbracket \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rrbracket_b^M & = \max(1 - \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M, \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_b^M) \\ \llbracket \forall x \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad \text{voor alle } d \in D \text{ geldt } \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_{b[x \mapsto d]}^M = 1 \\ \llbracket \exists x \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad \text{er is een } d \in D \text{ zodat } \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_{b[x \mapsto d]}^M = 1 \end{aligned}$$

Voor de propositionele voegtekens kunnen we dat ook anders zeggen:

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \neg \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 0 \\ \llbracket \varphi \wedge \psi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 \text{ en } \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 \\ \llbracket \varphi \vee \psi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 \text{ of } \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 \\ \llbracket \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 & \quad \text{desda} \quad \text{als } \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 \text{ dan } \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_b^M = 1 \end{aligned}$$